

### 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Manufacturer: E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.  
 DuPont Performance Coatings  
 Wilmington, DE 19898

Telephone: Product information: (800) 441-7515  
 Medical emergency: (800) 441-3637  
 Transportation emergency: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Product: **ChromaOne® High Solids Binders, Activators and Reducers**

DOT Shipping Name: See DOT Addendum.

Hazardous Materials Information: See Section 10.

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### 2. Composition/information on ingredients

| INGREDIENTS                                      | CAS #       | VAPOR PRESSURE | EXPOSURE LIMITS                                                                                         |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene                          | 96591-17-2  | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| 2,6-dimethyl-4-heptanol                          | 95-63-6     | 7.0@44.4 °C    | A 25.0 ppm, O 25.0 ppm                                                                                  |
| 4,6-dimethyl-2-heptanone                         | 108-82-7    | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Acetone                                          | 19549-80-5  | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
|                                                  | 67-64-1     | 247.0@68.0 °F  | A 750.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 500.0 ppm, O 1000.0 ppm, D 500.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA                         |
| Acrylic polymer                                  | NotAvail    | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin                   | 28182-81-2  | None           | S 0.5 mg/m3, A None, O None                                                                             |
| Aromatic hydrocarbon                             | 64742-95-6  | 10.0@25.0 °C   | D 50.0 ppm, A None, O None                                                                              |
| Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidiny) sebacate | 41556-26-7  | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Butyl acetate                                    | 123-86-4    | 10.0           | A 200.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 150.0 ppm, O 150.0 ppm                                                       |
| Cumene                                           | 98-82-8     | 3.7            | A 50.0 ppm, O 50.0 ppm Skin                                                                             |
| Diisobutyl ketone                                | 108-83-8    | 1.8            | A 25.0 ppm, O 50.0 ppm                                                                                  |
| Ethyl acetate                                    | 141-78-6    | 93.2@25.0 °C   | A 400.0 ppm, O 400.0 ppm                                                                                |
| Ethylbenzene                                     | 100-41-4    | 7.0            | A 20.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm, D 25.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA                                                     |
| Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate          | 112-07-2    | 0.3            | A 20.0 ppm, D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, O None                                                          |
| Heptane                                          | 142-82-5    | 45.0@66.0 °F   | A 500.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 400.0 ppm, O 500.0 ppm                                                       |
| Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)           | 64742-48-9  | 3.3@68.0 °F    | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Methyl amyl ketone                               | 110-43-0    | 3.4            | A 50.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm                                                                                 |
| Methyl ethyl ketone                              | 78-93-3     | 71.2           | A 300.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 200.0 ppm, O 200.0 ppm, D 300.0 ppm 15 min TWA, D 200.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA  |
| Polyester resin-A                                | 129922-22-1 | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Polyester resin-B                                | 71010-58-7  | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate        | 108-65-6    | 3.8            | D 30.0 ppm 15 min TWA, A None, O None                                                                   |
| Substituted benzotriazole                        | 25973-55-1  | None           | A None, O None                                                                                          |
| Xylene                                           | 1330-20-7   | 8.0@25.0 °C    | A 150.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 100.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm, D 150.0 ppm 15 min STEL, D 100.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA |

\*A=ACGIH, O=OSHA, D=DuPont, S=Suppliers. Limits are 8 hour TWA unless otherwise specified. Vapor pressure @ 20° C unless otherwise noted.

### 3. Hazards identification

#### Potential Health Effects:

##### Inhalation:

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression, characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product contains or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

##### Ingestion:

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

**Skin or eye contact:**

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

**Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those listed above:**

**Acetone**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

**Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin**

Overexposure may cause asthma-like reactions with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough, which may be permanent; or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, skin disorders, respiratory disorders. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin.

**Aromatic hydrocarbon**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

**Butyl acetate**

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

**Cumene**

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**Diisobutyl ketone**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: asthma, blood, dermatitis. Contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash. Repeated exposure may cause allergic skin rash, itching, swelling. This substance may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: eyes, kidneys, liver. Extremely high oral and inhalation doses in laboratory animals have shown weight changes in various organs such as the liver, kidney, brain, heart and adrenal gland. In addition liver and kidney injury were observed at the extremely high inhalation level. In another inhalation study there was a slight depression in the white blood cell count. Liquid or vapor causes irritation, experienced as stinging, excess blinking and tear production, with excess redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

**Ethyl acetate**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: eyes, respiratory system, skin. Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver.

**Ethylbenzene**

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate**

May destroy red blood cells. May cause abnormal kidney function. May cause temporary upper respiratory and/or lung irritation with cough, difficult breathing, or shortness of breath. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: central nervous system, gastrointestinal system, kidneys, liver, dermatitis. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

**Heptane**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, respiratory system, skin. May cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, headache, nausea, and loss of consciousness. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

**Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)**

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

**Methyl ethyl ketone**

Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, eyes, respiratory system, skin. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause any of the following: conjunctivitis, dermatitis. High concentrations have caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

**Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

**Substituted benzotriazole**

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: jaundice, liver disease. Repeated or prolonged ingestion may cause any of the following: changes in the blood, liver effects.

#### **Xylene**

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

#### **4. First aid measures**

##### **First Aid Procedures:**

##### **Inhalation:**

If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

##### **Ingestion:**

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available.

##### **Skin or eye contact:**

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

#### **5. Fire-fighting measures**

##### **Flash Point (Closed Cup):**

See Section 11 for exact values.

**Flammable Limits:** LFL 0.5 % UFL 12.8 %

##### **Extinguishing Media:**

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

##### **Fire Fighting Procedures:**

Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to prevent pressure build-up.

##### **Fire and Explosion Hazards:**

For flammable liquids, vapor/air will ignite when an ignition source is present. In other cases, when heated above the flash point, emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

#### **6. Accidental release measures**

##### **Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:**

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly. If the material contains, or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TMN 10) and 80% Water OR 0-10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance). Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow CO<sub>2</sub> to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly.

##### **Ecological information:**

There is no data available on the product. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

#### **7. Handling and storage**

##### **Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:**

Observe label precautions. If combustible (flashpoint between 38-93 deg C or 100 - 200 deg F), keep away from heat, sparks and flame. If flammable (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F), also keep away from static discharges and other sources of ignition. If material is extremely flammable (flashpoint less than - 8 deg C or 20 deg F) or flammable, VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY OR CAUSE FLASH FIRE, respectively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 49 deg C or 120 deg F. If product is waterbased, do not freeze.

##### **Other precautions:**

If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Handling and processing operations should be conducted in accordance with best practices (e.g.NFPA-654).

#### **8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

##### **Ventilation:**

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

##### **Respiratory protection:**

Do not breathe vapors or mists. If this product contains isocyanates or is used with an isocyanate activator/hardener, wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C) while mixing activator/hardener with paint, during application and until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. If product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSH

TC-84A) may be used. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed vapor or spray mist if product contains or is mixed with isocyanate activators/hardeners.

**Protective equipment:**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

**Skin and body protection:**

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

**9. Physical and chemical properties**

|                             |                   |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| Evaporation rate            | Slower than Ether |
| Water solubility            | NIL               |
| Vapour density              | Heavier than air  |
| Approx. Boiling Range (°C)  | 56 – 163 °C       |
| Approx. Freezing Range (°C) | -95 – -65 °C      |
| Gallon Weight (lbs/gal)     | 7.11028 - 8.72929 |
| Specific Gravity            | 0.85 - 1.05       |
| Percent Volatile By Volume  | 41.62 - 100.00    |
| Percent Volatile By Weight  | 33.72 - 99.98     |
| Percent Solids By Volume    | 0.00 - 58.38      |
| Percent Solids By Weight    | 0.00 - 65.29      |

**10. Stability and reactivity**

**Stability:**

Stable

**Incompatibility (materials to avoid):**

None reasonably foreseeable

**Hazardous decomposition products:**

CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

**Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur.

**Sensitivity to Static Discharge:**

For flammable materials (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F) and combustibles (flashpoint between 38- 93 deg C or 100-200 deg F) if heated above the flashpoint, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:**

None known.

**11. Additional Information**

**7005S™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(1%\*), Aliphatic polyisocyanate resin, Aromatic hydrocarbon, Butyl acetate, Diisobutyl ketone, Ethyl acetate **GAL WT: 8.73 WT PCT SOLIDS: 65.29 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 58.38 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.27 VOC LE: 3.0 VOC AP: 3.0 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 3 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**7020G™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(3%\*), Acrylic polymer, Aromatic hydrocarbon, Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidinyl) sebacate, Butyl acetate, Cumene(0.2%\*@), Ethyl acetate, Ethylbenzene(2.5%\*@), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(1%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone, Polyester resin-A, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, Substituted benzotriazole, Xylene(10%\*@) **GAL WT: 8.00 WT PCT SOLIDS: 45.38 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 39.59 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.22 VOC LE: 4.4 VOC AP: 4.4 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**7030G™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(4%\*), Acrylic polymer, Aromatic hydrocarbon, Butyl acetate, Cumene(0.2%\*@), Ethylbenzene(3.0%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, Xylene(12%\*@) **GAL WT: 7.94 WT PCT SOLIDS: 41.28 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 35.78 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.25 VOC LE: 4.7 VOC AP: 4.7 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**7040G™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(2%\*), Acrylic polymer, Aromatic hydrocarbon, Butyl acetate, Cumene(0.1%\*@), Ethyl acetate, Ethylbenzene(2.4%\*@), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(1%\*@), Heptane, Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum), Methyl amyl ketone, Polyester resin-A, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, Substituted benzotriazole, Xylene(10%\*@) **GAL WT: 7.97 WT PCT SOLIDS: 46.17 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 39.97 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.14 VOC LE: 4.3 VOC AP: 4.3 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**7050G™** 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(2%\*), Acrylic polymer, Aromatic hydrocarbon, Butyl acetate, Cumene(0.1%\*@), Ethyl acetate, Ethylbenzene(3.0%\*@), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(1%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Polyester resin-B, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, Xylene(12%\*@) **GAL WT: 7.91 WT PCT SOLIDS: 40.55 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 34.68 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.17 VOC LE: 4.7 VOC AP: 4.7 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**7065S™** Acetone, Ethyl acetate, Methyl ethyl ketone **GAL WT: 7.28 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.34 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.27 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.28 VOC LE: 7.5 VOC AP: 5.6 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**7075S™** Butyl acetate, Ethyl acetate, Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone **GAL WT: 7.11 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.02 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.02 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.11 VOC LE: 7.1 VOC AP: 7.1 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**7085S™** Butyl acetate, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(10%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone **GAL WT: 7.20 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.20 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**7095S™** 4,6-dimethyl-2-heptanone, Butyl acetate, Diisobutyl ketone, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(22%\*@), Methyl amyl ketone, Methyl ethyl ketone **GAL WT: 7.15 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.15 VOC LE: 7.1 VOC AP: 7.1 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

**7099S™** 2,6-dimethyl-4-heptanol, 4,6-dimethyl-2-heptanone, Diisobutyl ketone, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(35%\*@), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate **GAL WT: 7.17 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.17 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: 100 °F - 141 °F H: 2 F: 2 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: II TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

**Footnotes:**

**TSCA: in compliance** In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

**ACGIH** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer.

**NTP** National Toxicology Program.

**OSHA** Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

**PNOR** Particles not otherwise regulated.

**PNOC** Particles not otherwise classified.

**STEL** Short term exposure limit.

**TWA** Time-weighted average.

\* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

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\* = Section 313 Supplier Notification: These chemicals are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency planning and Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

@ = Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.

# = EPCRA Section 302 - Extremely hazardous substances.

**Notice:**

The information on this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Product Manager: Refinish Sales

Prepared by: Y. B. Yarbrough